

2010 NISOA REFRESHER EXAMINATION

NCAA Men's and Women's Soccer Rules

- ___ 1. It is legal to play an NCAA sanctioned game in an indoor facility as long as the field dimension meet minimum standards.
- a. True. b. False.
- ___ 2. An ejected goalkeeper:
- a. may be replaced by a field player.
b. may be replaced by another goalkeeper from the bench providing a field player is removed at the same time and the team plays short a player.
c. does not have to be replaced if the team coach wishes to continue without a goalkeeper.
d. none of the above.
e. only "a" and "b."
- ___ 3. A member of the coaching staff is not permitted to leave the coaching area and view the game from the press box or other suitable area.
- a. True. b. False.
- ___ 4. May a player wear garments or jewelry (e.g., crosses, rosary beads, yarmulkes) required due to religious beliefs?
- a. Yes, providing the referee determines that the article is not liable to cause injury to another player.
b. No.
- ___ 5. The expiration of time for any period is when the timekeeper's timing signal begins, regardless of the position of the ball.
- a. True. b. False.
- ___ 6. It is not possible for the same player in the same game to be charged with two (2) yellow cards..
- a. True. b. False.
- ___ 7. While the game is in progress, the referee notices that a player is wearing jewelry. What is your course of action?
- a. Instruct the player to take off the ring and continue play.
b. Verbally admonish the offending player.
c. Award an indirect free kick to the opposing team.
d. Order the offending player to leave the field of play, remove the jewelry and permit the player to re-enter after removing the jewelry during any stoppage of play.
e. Order the offending player to leave the field of play, remove the jewelry and permit the player to re-enter after removing the jewelry during the next allowable substitution opportunity.
f. Order the offending player to leave the field of play, remove the jewelry and permit the player to re-enter after removing the jewelry during the run of play.

____ 8. Bench personnel in the press box or stands are permitted to communicate with coaches in the coaching and team areas.

- a. True. b. False.

____ 9. For substitution purposes, the reentry rights of a player are determined by the position played when substituted for (i.e., field player or goalkeeper).

- a. True. b. False.

____ 10. Field players leaving the game for normal illness/injury may not reenter the game in that same period.

- a. True. b. False.

____ 11. The starting goalkeeper is injured as the result of a collision with a teammate in the first half and is substituted for. The starting goalkeeper can return later in the first half.

- a. True. b. False.

____ 12. May a player who is substituted for in the first overtime period reenter the game in that period?

- a. Yes. b. No.

____ 13. Is the referee required to beckon a substitute onto the field after stopping the clock for a substitution?

- a. Yes. b. No.

____ 14. Multiple players are involved in an incident and medical personnel are beckoned onto the field of play to assess injuries. Which players are required to leave the field of play?

- a. All of the players involved in the incident.
b. All the players requiring medical attention.
c. All the players requiring medical attention, unless one of the players is the goalkeeper who is allowed to remain.

____ 15. Following the conclusion of the game, the referee and assistant referees must sign the official NCAA Box Score Form to verify cards issued, ejection reports and the official score of the game.

- a. True. b. False.

____ 16. In the referee's opinion, a player shows signs of a concussion. The referee refuses to allow the player to reenter the game without clearance from the medical personnel on site even though the player and coach assure the referee that the player is fit to return.

- a. True. b. False.

____ 17. An assistant coach who is viewing the game from the press box is permitted to communicate with bench personnel in the coaching and team area during halftime, overtime intervals and/or any time the assistant coach returns to the coaching team area.

- a. True. b. False.

___18. Team A substitutes two players on its own throw-in. How many players is Team B permitted to substitute at that time?

- a. None.
- b. One.
- c. Two.
- d. Any number up to 11 players.

___19. A player appears to be injured and the referee stops the clock while Team A has possession of the ball. What is the proper restart?

- a. Direct free kick for Team A.
- b. Drop ball.
- c. Indirect free kick for Team A.

___20. The referee shall signal that the clock be stopped for all substitutions during the final five minutes of the second period only.

- a. True.
- b. False.

___21. A player has been ejected for fighting. The referee must:

- a. notify the player's coach before the restart of the game.
- b. notify the official scorekeeper before the restart of the game.
- c. after the game, contact the NISOA Regional Representative via telephone, facsimile or e-mail.
- d. file a written report.
- e. all of the above.
- f. all of the above except "d."

___22. The referee stops the clock and instructs a player to leave the field of play and remove or correct a situation involving illegal equipment. When may that player re-enter the game?

- a. At any stoppage.
- b. Only on a substitution opportunity for that player's team.
- c. At any stoppage after receiving approval from the referee.
- d. During a substitution opportunity for either team after receiving approval from the referee.

___23. Goalkeepers are permitted an unlimited number of substitution reentries.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 24. The referee awards a goal to Team B. Prior to the kickoff, the assistant referee advises the referee that attacking player B1 deliberately handled the ball into the goal. The referee should:

- a. Proceed with the kickoff since the goal has been awarded.
- b. Caution B1 and restart with a direct free kick to Team A.
- c. Eject B1 and restart with a direct free kick to Team A.
- d. Restart with a direct free kick to Team A.
- e. Either b or d, depending on the circumstance.

____ 25. Goalkeepers shall wear jerseys that distinguish them from all field players and socks that distinguish them from their opponents.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 26. Protests of NCAA Men's and Women's soccer games are permitted, provided it involves misapplication of a rule of conduct.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 27. When does a substitute become a field player of record?

- a. When the player(s) report to the scorekeeper's table.
- b. At the sole discretion of the referee.
- c. During the first 85 minutes of the game and during both overtime periods: at the moment the referee beckons the player onto the field.
- d. In the last five minutes of regulation period: when the referee signals the clock to be stopped.
- e. Either "c" or "d."

____ 28. If the score is tied in the final five minutes of the second period, the clock will be stopped for all substitutions.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 29. If the referee believes that a player, coach or other bench personnel uses abusive, threatening or obscene language-gestures unintentionally, may the referee decide not to eject the individual?

- a. Yes.
- b. No.

____ 30. During the final five minutes of the second period, both teams have substitutes waiting at the scorekeeper's table. The trailing team initiates a substitution on its throw-in. The team in the lead chooses to substitute a player, too. Does the clock stop?

- a. Yes.
- b. No.

____ 31. If play is suspended due to injury or other unusual situation, with the ball in clear possession of one of the teams at the time of stoppage, the referee must restart the game by awarding an indirect free kick to the team in possession of the ball at the time of stoppage.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 32. In order for a protest to be considered, the coach protesting the game must record the protest, in writing, on the official score sheet before the referees sign the official score sheet and leave the site of the competition.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 33. Field players that are not substituted for (team plays short) when leaving the game for illness or injury may re-enter the game when beckoned by the referee during the run of play or at any stoppage.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 34. If a protest involves a score keeping error, the referee and the protesting coach shall make an immediate determination based upon all information available at the game site and correct the score keeping error.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 35. An injured player leaves the field after being attended to on the field. His/her side elects to play short. The player then wishes to return. Reentry may take place:

- a. at any stoppage.
- b. during the run of play.
- c. both "a" and "b."

____ 36. Does a player have to enter the field of play after the referee has signaled the clock to be stopped for a substitution?

- a. Yes.
- b. No.

____ 37. The expiration of time for any period of play is the moment the timekeeper's timekeeping signal begins, regardless of the position of the ball.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 38. After the game is completed, a school representative contacts the referee and advises that a videotape confirms that the referee ejected the wrong player involved in a fight. Can the referee rescind the red card?

- a. Yes.
- b. No.

____ 39. Multiple players have reported to the scorekeeper - or assistant referee - to enter the game as substitutes in the 87th minute. The referee signals to stop the clock and the coach decides to hold one player back. Is that player charged with a substitution entry?

- a. Yes.
- b. No.

____ 40. When does the jurisdiction of the referee over the game end?

- a. At the expiration of time.
- b. When the referee signs the official NCAA box score form.
- c. When the referee leaves the site of the competition.
- d. Either b or c.

_____ 41. A player is cautioned and substituted for at the time of the caution. May the player reenter in that same period?

- a. No.
- b. Yes, if it occurs in the second half.

_____ 42. In the event of an equipment change, only the player(s) with the equipment problem may be replaced. The opponent may replace an equal number of players at the same time.

- a. True.
- b. False.

_____ 43. May a referee reverse a decision or rescind a card after the game has been re-started?

- a. Yes.
- b. No.

_____ 44. Play is suspended by the referee to caution a coach for unsporting conduct while the ball is in play. What is the proper restart?

- a. Drop ball on the field of play from the point of infraction.
- b. Drop ball at the location of the ball at the time of infraction.
- c. Indirect free kick, against the offending coach's team, given from the point where the ball was when the infraction occurred.
- d. Direct free kick, against the offending coach's team, given from the point where the ball was when the infraction occurred.

_____ 45. For any inadvertent stoppage while a goalkeeper is in possession of the ball, the proper restart is an indirect free kick.

- a. True.
- b. False.

_____ 46. Goalkeepers are permitted one (1) substitute reentry per playing period.

- a. True.
- b. False.

_____ 47. If the referee commands the clock to be stopped to assess a player's injuries and it is determined that medical personnel are not needed, does the player have to leave the field of play?

- a. Yes.
- b. No.

_____ 48. If the audible timekeeping signal malfunctions at the end of a period and the time recording device reaches zero, the referee's whistle shall signal the termination of the period.

- a. True.
- b. False.

_____ 49. If a game extends into overtime, both ten (10) minute overtime periods must be played in their entirety.

- a. True.
- b. False.

____ 50. During action in the 10th minute, A11 is pushed, and as a result of the foul, falls to the ground. His head bumps the ground rather hard, and the nearby referee (from life experiences, not to a medical determination) determines that A11 was unconscious for about three seconds. Since it was such a brief interval, the coach and trainer are unaware of the loss of consciousness. Using the guidance in 3.5.3.2, A11 should be removed from the playing field (may be substituted for) to allow that team's (or any available) medical staff to conduct a full evaluation. If the medical staff clears A11 in accordance with their protocols, A11 may report to the scorekeeper to enter the game at any point in the second half.

- a. True.
- b. False.

51. Team A is awarded a penalty kick. A8, taking the kick, starts the run-up with one long step, three short, quick steps and then, just before taking the kick, one long step – commonly referred to as a “stutter step”.

- a. Legal.
- b. Illegal.

52. Kicker A7 is facing keeper B1 during a three-step run-up. Once A7 takes the final step to fix the plant foot, B1 dives to her right. A7 holds her kicking leg rigid and unmoving at the top of the swing to see which direction B1 moves. Once A7 sees B1 dive right, A7 now kicks to the keeper's left.

- a. Legal – allow goal
- b. Illegal – disallow the goal; caution A7 restart with an indirect free kick for Team B from the penalty spot
- c. Illegal – disallow the goal; caution A7 restart with a retake of the penalty kick